## STAT/MA 41600 In-Class Problem Set #25: October 16, 2015 Solutions by Mark Daniel Ward

1a. We have  $P(X \le 3/4) = \int_0^{3/4} x \, dx = 9/32$ . 1b. We have  $P(X \le 5/4) = \int_0^1 x \, dx + \int_1^{5/4} (2-x) \, dx = 1/2 + 7/32 = 23/32$ . An easier method is to just calculate  $P(X \le 5/4) = 1 - P(X > 5/4) = 1 - \int_{5/4}^2 (2-x) \, dx = 1 - 9/32 = 23/32$ . 1c. For 0 < a < 1, we have  $F_X(a) = \int_0^a x \, dx = a^2/2$ . For 1 < a < 2, we have  $F_X(a) = \int_0^1 x \, dx + \int_1^a (2-x) \, dx = 1/2 + (-a^2/2 + 2a - 3/2) = 1 - (2-a)^2/2$ ; or alternatively  $F_X(a) = P(X \le a) = 1 - P(X > a) = 1 - \int_a^2 (2-x) \, dx = 1 - (a^2/2 - 2a + 2) = 1 - (2-a)^2/2$ . So altogether we have

$$F_X(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{for } x < 0, \\ x^2/2 & \text{for } 0 \le x \le 1, \\ 1 - (2 - x)^2/2 & \text{for } 1 < x \le 2, \\ 1 & \text{for } x > 2. \end{cases}$$

**1d.** Yes! We have  $F_X(3/4) = (3/4)^2/2 = 9/32$  and  $F_X(5/4) = 1 - (2 - 5/4)^2/2 = 23/32$ .

**2a.** For 0 < a < 4, the triangle where  $X + Y \le a$  has area  $a^2/2$ , so  $P(X + Y \le a) = (a^2/2)/16 = a^2/32$ . Alternatively, we have  $\int_0^a \int_0^{a-x} 1/16 \, dy \, dx = a^2/32$ . **2b.** For 4 < a < 8, the triangle where  $X + Y \ge a$  has area  $(8 - a)^2/2$ , so  $P(X + Y \ge a) = (4 - a)^2/2$ .

**2b.** For 4 < a < 8, the triangle where  $X + Y \ge a$  has area  $(8 - a)^2/2$ , so  $P(X + Y \ge a) = ((8 - a)^2/2)/16 = (8 - a)^2/32$ . Alternatively, we have  $\int_{a-4}^4 \int_{a-x}^4 1/16 \, dy \, dx = (8 - a)^2/32$ . Either way, this yields  $P(X + Y \le a) = 1 - (8 - a)^2/32$ .

**2c.** For 0 < w < 4, we have  $F_W(w) = w^2/32$ , so  $f_W(w) = w/16$ . For 4 < w < 8, we have  $F_W(w) = 1 - (8 - w)^2/32$ , so  $f_W(w) = -2(8 - w)(-1)/32 = (8 - w)/16$ . Thus

$$f_W(w) = \begin{cases} w/16 & \text{for } 0 \le w \le 4, \\ (8-w)/16 & \text{for } 4 < w \le 8, \\ 0 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

**3a.** We have  $P(Y \ge X) = \int_0^\infty \int_x^\infty 21e^{-3x-7y} dy dx = \int_0^\infty 3e^{-10x} dx = 3/10.$  **3b.** We have  $P(Y \le 3X) = \int_0^\infty \int_{y/3}^\infty 21e^{-3x-7y} dx dy = \int_0^\infty 7e^{-8y} dy = 7/8.$ **3c.** We have  $P(Y \ge 1/10) = \int_{1/10}^\infty \int_0^\infty 21e^{-3x-7y} dx dy = \int_{1/10}^\infty 7e^{-7y} dy = e^{-7/10}.$ 

**4a.** For x > 0, we have  $f_X(x) = \int_0^\infty 21e^{-3x-7y} dy = 3e^{-3x}$ , and for  $x \le 0$ , we have  $f_X(x) = 0$ . **4b.** For y > 0, we have  $f_Y(y) = \int_0^\infty 21e^{-3x-7y} dx = 7e^{-7y}$ , and for  $y \le 0$ , we have  $f_Y(y) = 0$ . **4c.** We have  $P(Y \ge 1/10) = \int_{1/10}^\infty 7e^{-7y} dy = e^{-7/10}$ , which agrees with **3c**.